

## ECE 232 – LAB 1 (FUNDAMENTALS)

### PROCEDURE:

**NOTICE: JUST ONE TIME YOU'LL DO AUTO-SET ON OSSCILOSCOPE.(observation of the sinusoidal signals)!!!!**

\*There are two sinusoidal signals given as;

$$X(t) = 4\sin(2000\pi t) \{CH2\} \text{ and } Y(t) = 8\sin(4000\pi t)\{CH1\}$$

Set  $X(t)$  to channel 1 of your oscilloscope and  $y(t)$  to channel 2.

**1-) Plot X versus Y for the given (Time/Div:250  $\mu$ s)**

Set **Trig menu-Source-CH2** ( CH2 will be stable so; you 'll change the properties of CH1.)

\* It will be adjusted frequencies and times as you given below;

Hint: you must calculate the frequency first.

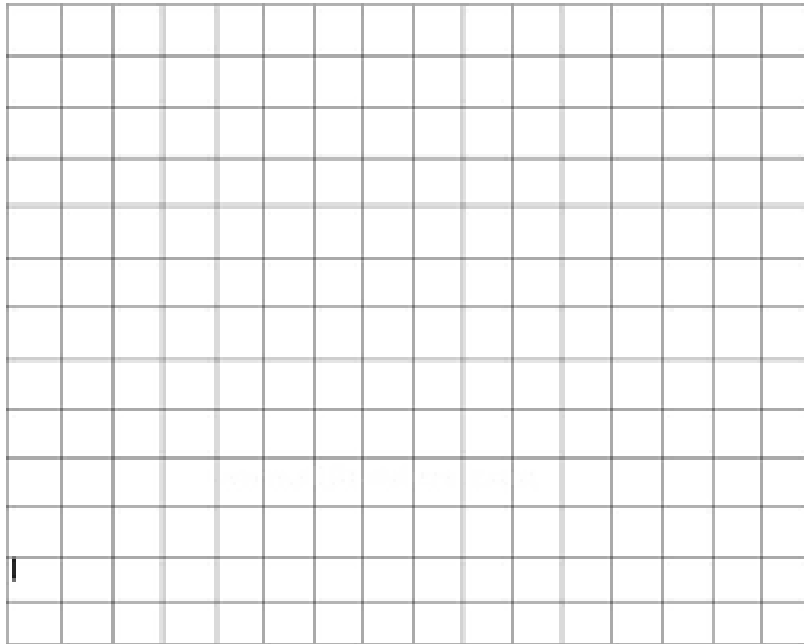


Figure 1: \_\_\_\_\_

2-) (CH1: 10kHz and CH2: 1kHz) --- (Time/Div=100  $\mu$ s)

**PLOT:**



**3-) PHASE ;**

$X(t) = 8\sin(4000\pi t + 45^\circ)$  and  $Y(t) = 4\sin(2000\pi t)$  & Period of CH2 "1ms" ( $T=1/f$ )

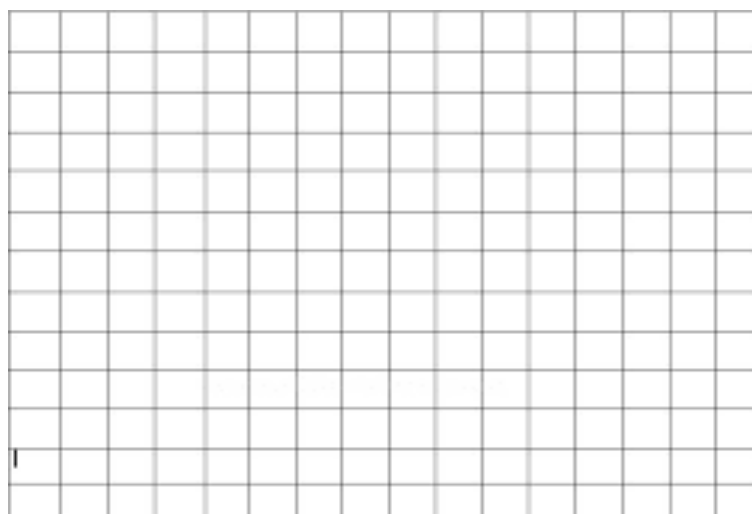
**METHODS OF "3" !!!**

( Cursor—Type –Time) After that ; you will adjust positions of this cursors up to top of the signals.You'll see the difference this cursors on the right side of OSCILLOSCOPE.(Delta)

360° -----1ms

?? °----- $\Delta$  (you've find).

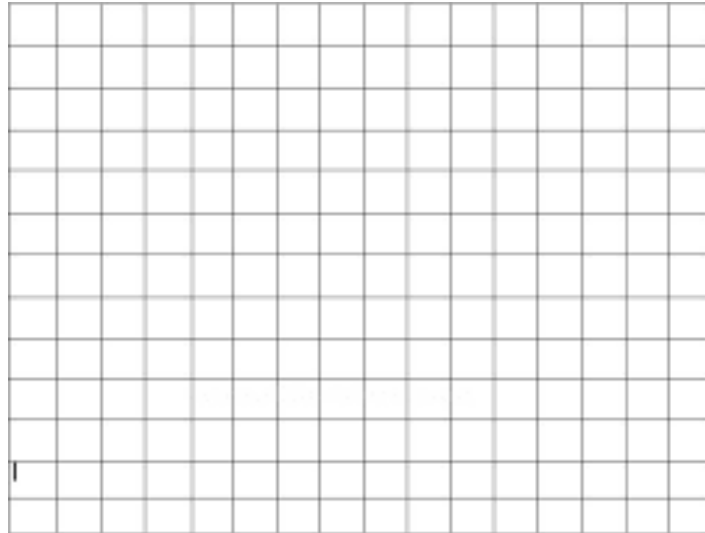
?? is PHASE.



#### 4-) PHASE DIFFERENCE;

- Set vertical position to "0".
- Display Format (YT to XY) ( Volt/Div=500mV and Second/Div=250 $\mu$ s). You'll get a phase degree. (Hint:  $\arcsin(X/Y)$  )

PLOT;



And you will bring it back to its previous state.(YT to XY)

#### 5-) OBSERVATION OF AMPLITUDE DIFFERENCE USING PHASE

CH1;  $X(t) = B\sin(4000\pi t + 90^\circ)$  and 8 Vpp , CH2;  $Y(t) = A\sin(2000\pi t)$  and 4 Vpp

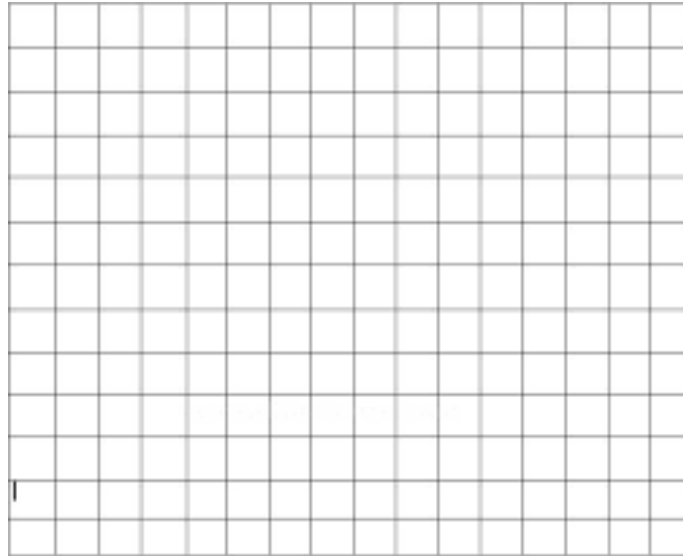
Time/Div=250  $\mu$ s.



## 6-) SQUARE AND TRIANGULAR WAVES

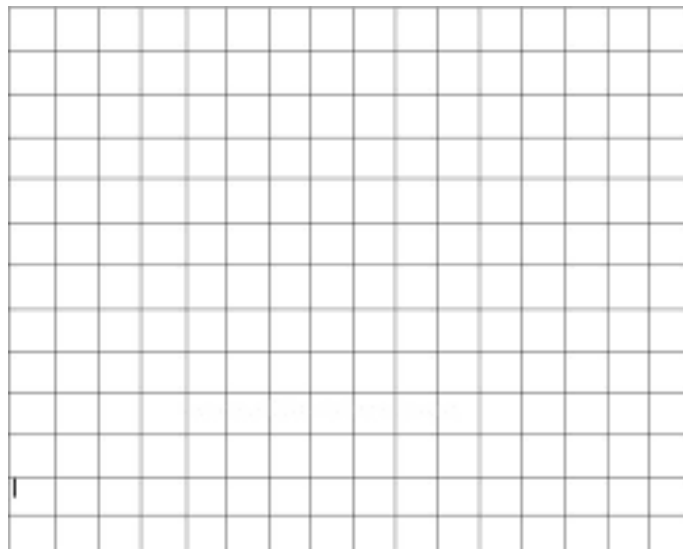
Time/Div=250  $\mu$ s.

For; 1 kHz Square Wave (4Vpp)



Instead of square wave if triangular wave is given to the circuit, what will happen? Plot the input and output waveforms.

1kHz Triangular Wave(6Vpp)



GOOD LUCK ( 😊 )