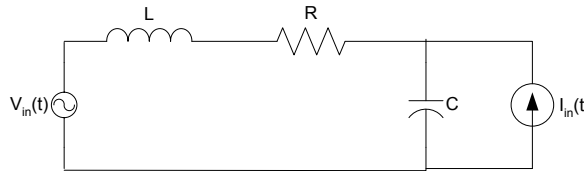
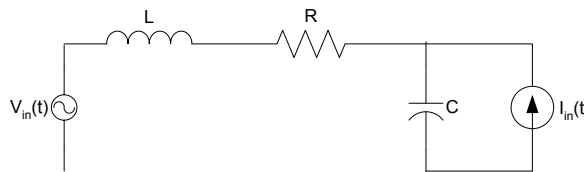


ECE 232 Midterm

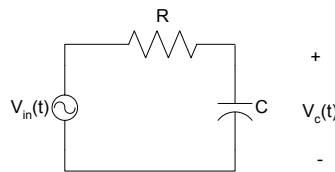
Q-1- For the circuit below, find the **average power** dissipated over the resistor R in **sinusoidal steady state conditions**. $V_{in}(t) = \sin(t)$ Volt, $I_{in}(t) = \cos(t)$ Ampere, $R = 1$ Ohm, $L = 1$ Henry, $C = 1$ Farad **(20 points)**



Q-2- For the circuit below, find the **average power** dissipated over the resistor R in **sinusoidal steady state conditions**. $V_{in}(t) = \sin(t)$ Volt, $I_{in}(t) = \cos(2t)$ Ampere, $R = 1$ Ohm, $L = 1$ Henry, $C = 1$ Farad **(20 points)**



Q-3- For the circuit below, $R = 1$ Ohm, $C = 1$ Farad, $V_{in}(t) = \sin(t)$ Volt, the initial condition for the capacitor voltage $V_C(0) = 1$ Volt. Using **Laplace Transform**, find $V_C(t)$. **(20 points)**



Q-4- The transfer function of a bandpass filter is given by the formula $H(s) = \frac{1000s}{(s + 500)^2}$ **(40 points)**

- Find $H(j\omega)$ (the frequency response) **(2 points)**
- Find $|H(j\omega)|$ (the magnitude characteristics of the frequency response) **(2 points)**
-
- Find $\angle H(j\omega)$ (the phase characteristics of the frequency response) **(2 points)**
-
- Find $|H(j\omega)|_{dB}$ (the magnitude characteristics of the frequency response in decibel) **(2 points)**
- What is the resonant frequency of this band-pass filter? **(3 points)**
- What are the corner frequencies of this band-pass filter **(5 points)**
- Draw approximated $|H(j\omega)|_{dB}$ in logarithmic scale with all details. **(10 points)**
- Draw approximated $\angle H(j\omega)$ in logarithmic scale with all details. **(14 points)**

LAPLACE TRANSFORM FORMULAS

$$x(t) = u(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$x(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt}x(t) \xrightarrow{L} sX(s) - x_0$$

$$x(t) = r(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$x(t) = e^{at}u(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{1}{s-a}$$

$$x(t) = \sin(\omega t)u(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$x(t) = e^{at} \sin(\omega t)u(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{\omega}{(s-a)^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$x(t) = \cos(\omega t)u(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$x(t) = e^{at} \cos(\omega t)u(t) \xrightarrow{L} X(s) = \frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2 + \omega^2}$$

PHASOR TRANSFORM FORMULAS

$$R \xrightarrow{\text{PHASOR}} X_R(j\omega) = R \text{ (Impedance of resistor)}$$

$$L \xrightarrow{\text{PHASOR}} X_L(j\omega) = j\omega L \text{ (Impedance of Inductor)}$$

$$C \xrightarrow{\text{PHASOR}} X_C(j\omega) = \frac{1}{j\omega C} \text{ (Impedance of capacitor)}$$

$$x(t) = A \cos(\omega t + \phi) \xrightarrow{\text{PHASOR}} x_{\text{phasor}} = Ae^{j\phi} = A(\cos(\phi) + j\sin(\phi))$$